

不同采收期中科绿猕1号和中科绿猕2号果实品质的差异分析

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摘 要:【目的】确定中科绿猕1号和中科绿猕2号猕猴桃果实的适宜采收期及品种间的品质差异, 为生产上适时采收提供技术参考。【方法】以中科绿猕1号、中科绿猕2号为试验材料, 在果实生长发育的5个时期测定果实品质指标、软腐病发病率等, 开展感官评价, 通过主成分分析选择得分最高的一个采收期测定其挥发代谢物, 进一步分析两个品种间香气物质的差异。【结果】两个品种随采收期变化果实纵径、横径和侧径存在不同程度的变化, 但果形指数始终无显著差异, 果形表现稳定, 软熟时果实硬度呈先增大后减小的变化趋势; 可溶性固形物、可溶性糖、抗坏血酸、可滴定酸含量随采收期变化呈现不同的规律; 中科绿猕2号感官评价得分整体高于中科绿猕1号, 但软腐病发病率整体偏高; 共检测到1314种代谢物, 其中有效香气物质中科绿猕1号有152种, 中科绿猕2号有136种, 中科绿猕1号总相对气味活度值、总代谢物含量高于中科绿猕2号。【结论】中科绿猕1号的最佳采收期是采收期III(花后166 d), 中科绿猕2号的最佳采收期是采收期IV(花后174 d), 中科绿猕2号有效香气种类和含量少于中科绿猕1号, 但可溶性固形物、可溶性糖含量整体高于中科绿猕1号, 更受消费者喜欢。

关键词:猕猴桃; 采收期; 果实品质; 感官评价; 香气

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Analysis of fruit quality differences between Zhongkelümi No. 1 and Zhongkelümi No. 2 at different harvest periods

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Abstract: 【Objective】Kiwifruit (*Actinidia chinensis* var. *chinensis*) is a climacteric fruit, and its pre-harvest physiological maturity is closely related to the post-harvest storage characteristics, sensory quality, and nutritional quality of the fruit. However, it is difficult to accurately determine its quality based solely on its size, shape, and color at harvest. Moreover, the appropriate harvest time may vary among different kiwifruit varieties. In kiwifruit cultivation, both early and late harvests can have adverse effects. Therefore, timely harvest is crucial for ensuring kiwifruit quality. The Zhongkelümi No. 1 and Zhongkelümi No. 2 varieties for this study are green-fleshed kiwifruits developed by the Wuhan Botanical Garden of the Chinese Academy of Sciences. They have stable and consistent traits, with strong tree vigor, good productivity, and uniform fruit shape. This experiment aimed to determine the optimal harvest time for Zhongkelümi No. 1 and Zhongkelümi No. 2 kiwifruits and the quality differences between

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the two varieties, providing technical references for timely harvest in production. **【Methods】** The experiment utilized fruits from five harvest periods (Harvest Periods I, II, III, IV, and V, corresponding to 150, 158, 166, 174, and 182 days after full bloom, respectively) of Zhongkelümi 1 and Zhongkelümi 2. Measurements included fruit weight, longitudinal, transverse, and lateral diameters, fruit shape index, firmness, soluble solids content (SSC), soluble sugars, titratable acidity, ascorbic acid content, dry matter content, and incidence of soft rot. Sensory evaluations were conducted, and principal component analysis (PCA) was employed to select the harvest period with the highest score for volatile metabolite analysis, further exploring differences in aroma compounds between the two cultivars. **【Results】** The longitudinal and transverse diameters of Zhongkelümi No. 1 and Zhongkelümi No. 2 kiwifruits changed to varying degrees with the harvest period, but the fruit shape index remained consistently without significant differences, indicating that the fruit shape is relatively stable. The firmness of the fruits at harvest and softening showed an increasing trend initially and then gradually decreased. The firmness of Zhongkelümi No. 1 fruits at harvest showed no significant differences among the five harvest periods, and a significant decrease was only observed at Harvest Period V after softening. The firmness of Zhongkelümi No. 2 fruits at harvest was significantly affected by the harvest period, with a range from $6.7 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{cm}^{-2}$ to $2.27 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{cm}^{-2}$. The contents of the soluble solids, soluble sugar, ascorbic acid, and titratable acid in both varieties generally increased initially and then decreased with the harvest period. The content of the soluble sugar and ascorbic acid in Zhongkelümi No. 1 reached their peaks at Harvest Period III, at 14.40% and $135.17 \text{ mg} \cdot 100 \text{ g}^{-1}$, respectively. The contents of the soluble solids and soluble sugar in Zhongkelümi No. 2 reached their peaks at Harvest Period IV, at 16.10% and 13.79%, respectively. The ascorbic acid content of Zhongkelümi No. 1 was higher than that of Zhongkelümi No. 2 at Harvest Periods I and II, but was lower from Harvest Period III onwards, with the difference gradually increasing. The sensory evaluation scores of Zhongkelümi No. 2 were generally higher than those of Zhongkelümi No. 1, and the scores of both varieties generally increased initially and then decreased. The highest score for Zhongkelümi No. 1 was 3.000 at Harvest Period III, which was 36.36% higher than the lowest score at Harvest Period IV. The highest score for Zhongkelümi No. 2 was 4.130 at Harvest Period IV. The incidence of soft rot gradually increased with the delay of the harvest period. The incidence of Zhongkelümi No. 2 was generally higher, which might be related to the rapid decrease in firmness, making it more susceptible to mechanical damage and infection by pathogens, leading to rot, water loss, shrinkage, and softening. Eleven indicators including soluble sugar content, titratable acid content, and ascorbic acid content were selected for principal component analysis. Four principal components were extracted for Zhongke Lümi 1 and three for Zhongke Lümi 2. The comprehensive principal component value of Zhongke Lümi 1 was the highest at harvest period III, reaching 1.69, followed by harvest period V with a score of -0.05. The score was the lowest at harvest period I, being -1.42, and the overall performance was the worst. For Zhongke Lümi 2, the comprehensive principal component value was the highest at harvest period IV, reaching 2.41, followed by harvest period III with a score of -0.23. The score was the lowest at harvest period I, being -1, and the overall performance was the worst. Based on the principal component analysis results, the fruits of Zhongke Lümi 1 at harvest period III and Zhongke Lümi 2 at harvest period IV were selected for metabolite determination. A total of 1314 metabolites were detected, including 15 types of metabolites. The types of metabolites with a content over 5% were acids, alcohols, aldehydes, esters, heterocyclic compounds, hydrocarbons, ketones, and terpenoids. Among them, terpenoids, esters, and ketones had the highest proportion. There were 152 effective aroma substances ($\text{rOAV} \geq 1$) in Zhongke Lümi 1 and 136 in Zhongke Lümi 2. Both

cultivars shared abundant volatile compounds such as 2-methoxy-3,5-dimethylpyrazine, 2-nonenal, dodecanenitrile, 4-hydroxy-2,5-dimethyl-3(2H)-furanone, 3-octen-2-one, and 3-mercaptoacetate, contributing to nutty, grassy, fruity, and sweet aromas. The total relative odor activity value (rOAV) and metabolite content were higher in Zhongkelümi 1. 【Conclusion】 The optimal harvest period for Zhongke Lümi 1 is harvest period III (166 days after flowering), and for Zhongke Lümi 2 is harvest period IV (174 days after flowering). Zhongke Lümi 2 has fewer effective aroma substances than Zhongke Lümi 1, but its soluble solids and soluble sugar content are generally higher than those of Zhongke Lümi 1, making it more favored by consumers. However, Zhongke Lümi 2 has a relatively high incidence of soft rot disease, so violent picking, transportation, and storage should be avoided.

Key words: Kiwifruit; Harvest time; Fruit quality; Sensory evaluation; Aroma

猕猴桃是多年生的落叶藤本植物,果实具有独特的风味,富含维生素C、膳食纤维和多种矿物营养,受到人们的广泛关注和喜爱^[1]。猕猴桃的果实属于呼吸跃变型,其采前生理成熟度与采后果实的贮藏特性、感官品质、营养品质等密切相关,但采收时仅凭大小、形状和色泽等外观状态难以准确判断其品质^[2]。不同的气候环境、品种均会影响猕猴桃适宜的采收期。在猕猴桃种植过程中,早采和晚采均会造成不良影响,采收过早,产量下降,营养物质累积不足,品质降低;采收过晚,不耐贮藏,影响运输与销售^[3]。因此适时采收是保证猕猴桃品质的关键。

笔者选用的中科绿猕1号和中科绿猕2号是由中国科学院武汉植物园选育的绿肉猕猴桃,其性状表现稳定一致,树势强壮、丰产性好、果形均匀。目前关于不同采收期对金奉^[4]、金艳^[5]、徐香^[6]、红阳^[7]、贵长^[8-9]、翠香^[10]等猕猴桃果实品质的影响已有广泛报道。但采收时期对中科绿猕1号、中科绿猕2号猕猴桃采后品质的影响尚未有研究。笔者对不同采收期的中科绿猕1号和中科绿猕2号猕猴桃果实品质进行研究,确定其适宜采收期,以期为猕猴桃科学合理采收提供理论依据。

1 材料和方法

1.1 材料

供试材料为中科绿猕1号和中科绿猕2号。根据果实可溶性固形物含量,试验设5个采收期,每隔8 d采一次果,分别于花后150、158、166、174、182 d(依次命名为采收期I、II、III、IV和V)采摘。样品采自云南省永善县细沙乡3年生猕猴桃果园(103° 98' E, 28° 40' N),行株距为3 m×2.5 m,常规田间管理。每次采样选择树势健康的植株,随机采集果形

正常、无病虫害的外围果实180个,用聚乙烯保鲜袋封装带回实验室进行品质测定,3次重复。

1.2 果实外在品质测定

随机选取10个果实,使用千分之一电子天平测量其单果质量;使用游标卡尺测量果实横径、纵径和侧径,计算出果形指数;采用GY-1水果硬度计测量果实采收时和软熟后硬度。

1.3 果实内在品质测定

采用手持数显糖度计测定采收时和软熟后可溶性固形物含量;采用蒽酮比色法测定可溶性总糖含量;采用钼蓝比色法测定抗坏血酸含量;采用NaOH滴定法测定有机酸含量;取猕猴桃果实于赤道位置切片,获取约3 mm的带皮果实,放置于60 °C恒温干燥箱中干燥至恒质量,干质量与鲜质量的比值为干物质含量^[11]。

1.4 果实感官评价

邀请40人次分组品鉴猕猴桃果实,填写食用品质感官评价表,分别对喜爱度、芳香浓烈程度、甜度、酸度、质地软硬度、果汁丰富度、怪味、可接受度8个指标进行打分,采用5分制,将各指标打分取均值作为统计结果。

1.5 果实软腐病发病率统计

每个处理分别随机采集40个果实,常温贮藏,待所有果实软化后调查每个处理的果实软腐病发病率并记录。

发病率/%=(发病果实数/调查总果实数)×100。

1.6 果实挥发性代谢物测定

对已测定的品质指标通过主成分分析综合评价,选择品质最佳的一个采收期测定果实挥发代谢物。对样品进行液氮研磨,涡旋混合均匀,每个样本称取500 mg于顶空瓶中;分别加入饱和NaCl溶液、

20 μL(10 μg·mL⁻¹)内标溶液;采用顶空固相微萃取 HS-SPME 进行样本萃取,在 60 °C 恒温条件下,振荡 5 min,120 μm DVB/CWR/PDMS 萃取头插入样品顶空瓶,顶空萃取 15 min,于 250 °C 下解析 5 min,然后进行 GC-MS 分离鉴定。采样前萃取头在 Fiber Conditioning Station 中 250 °C 下老化 5 min。色谱条件: DB-5MS 毛细管柱(30 m×0.25 mm×0.25 μm, Agilent J&W Scientific, Folsom, CA, USA),载气为高纯氦气(纯度不小于 99.999%),恒流流速 1.2 mL·min⁻¹,进样口温度 250 °C,不分流进样,溶剂延迟 3.5 min。程序升温:40 °C 保持 3.5 min,以 10 °C·min⁻¹ 升至 100 °C,再以 7 °C·min⁻¹ 升至 180 °C,最后以 25 °C·min⁻¹ 升至 280 °C,保持 5 min。质谱条件:电子轰击离子源(EI),离子源温度 230 °C,四级杆温度 150 °C,质谱接口温度 280 °C,电子能量 70 eV,扫描方式为选择离子检测模式(SIM),定性定量离子精准扫描(GB 23200.8—2016)。利用 NISTMS 库检索和 RI 比较,进行定性分析;利用峰面积归一化法算出各挥发性物质的含量^[12]。

1.7 数据处理

利用 Excel2020、Origin2023 进行数据处理、图表绘制,采用 SPSS20.0 进行相关性分析、主成分分析和差异显著性分析(Duncan 法 $P<0.05$)。

2 结果与分析

2.1 不同采收期对果实外在品质的影响

如表 1 所示,中科绿猕 1 号在采收期 III 的单果质

量最小,显著低于其他处理,剩余处理间则无显著差异;在采收期 II 时纵径最大,且显著高于其他处理,采收期 V 纵径最小,较采收期 II 显著降低 17.43%;在采收期 I 时横径最大,较采收期 III 显著增大 13.76%,与其他采收期则无显著差异;在采收期 I 时侧径最大,显著大于其他处理,且呈现逐渐递减趋势;果形指数在不同处理间无显著差异;采收时各处理间硬度无显著差异;软熟后采收期 II 硬度最大,较采收期 V 显著增大 111.76%,与其他处理则无显著差异。

中科绿猕 2 号在采收期 IV 时单果质量最大,较采收期 III 显著增加 11.23%,但与其他采收期无显著差异;采收期 II 时纵径最大,显著高于其他处理,其他采收期之间则无显著差异;采收期 II 的横径最大,但与其他采收期无显著差异;果形指数在不同处理间也无显著差异;采收期 II 的硬度在采收时和软熟后均表现为最大,显著大于采收期 III、IV、V,且呈逐渐递减趋势。

综上所述,采收期不同对中科绿猕 1 号、中科绿猕 2 号的单果质量、纵径、横径、侧径均会有不同程度的影响,但果形指数均无显著差异,果形表现稳定。中科绿猕 1 号果实硬度在采收时几乎不受采收期变化的影响,软熟后在采收期 V 时才呈现显著降低;中科绿猕 2 号果实硬度受采收期变化的影响明显,且采摘时和软熟后硬度变化规律相同,均呈先增后减的变化趋势,在采收期 II 时达到最大值。

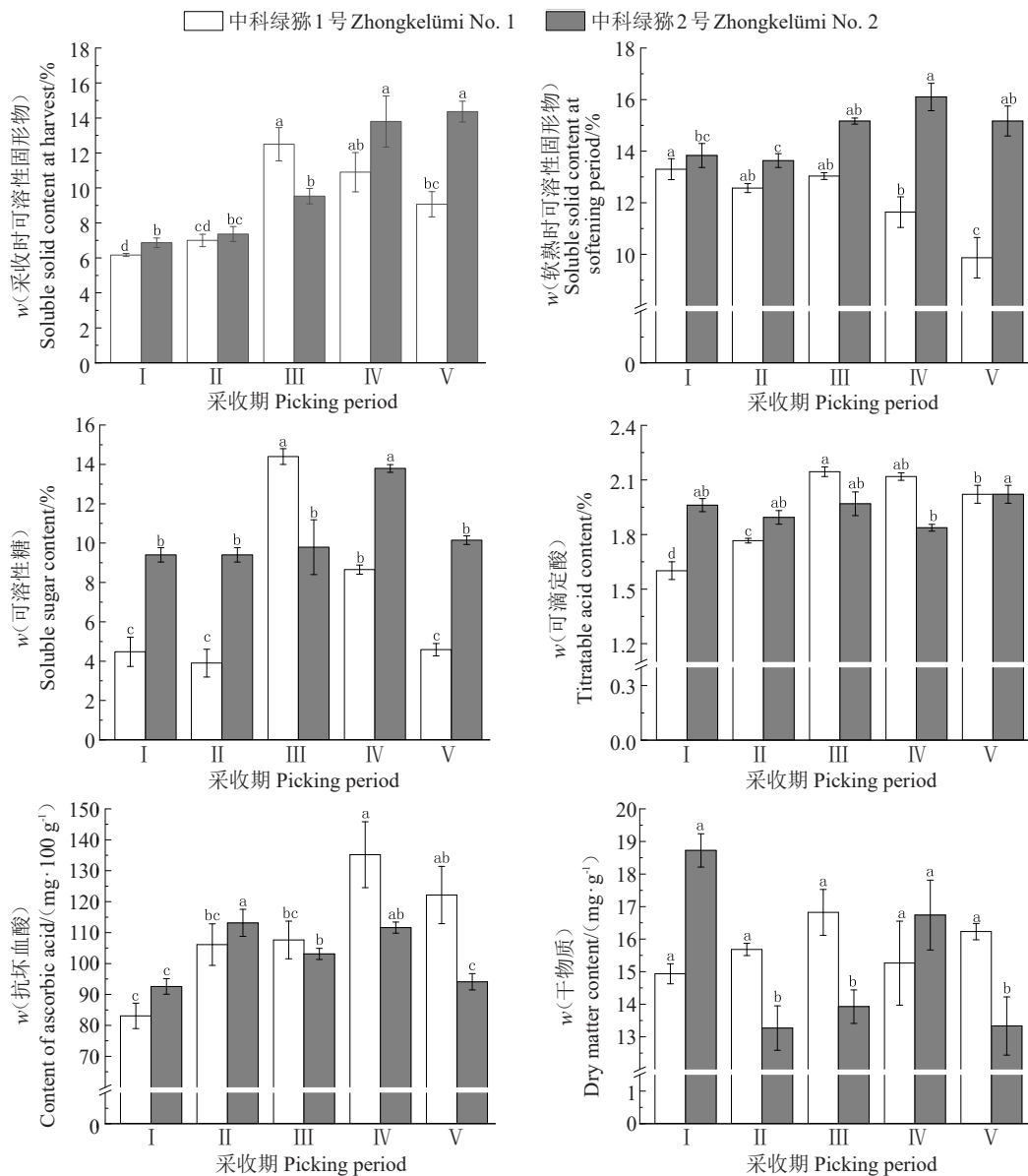
2.2 不同采收期对果实内在品质的影响

如图 1 所示,中科绿猕 1 号刚采摘时可溶性固形

表 1 不同采收期对猕猴桃果实外在品质的影响
Table 1 Effects of different harvesting periods on the external quality of kiwifruit

品种 Varieties	采收期 Picking period	单果质量 Mass per fruit/g	纵径 Longitudinal diameter/mm	横径 Transverse diameter/mm	侧径 Lateral diameter/mm	果形指数 Fruit shape index	采收时硬度 Hardness at harvest/(kg·cm ⁻²)	软熟时硬度 Hardness at softening period/(kg·cm ⁻²)
中科绿猕 1 号 Zhongkelümi No. 1	I	90.73±9.05 a	74.61±0.95 b	54.00±0.50 a	51.29±0.30 a	1.38±0.03 a	5.03±0.32 a	0.27±0.02 ab
	II	100.83±4.38 a	80.00±1.43 a	50.77±0.38 ab	47.04±0.28 b	1.58±0.04 a	3.93±0.37 a	0.36±0.06 a
	III	84.50±3.33 b	70.42±1.49 b	47.47±3.85 bc	47.03±0.86 b	1.50±0.10 a	5.07±0.43 a	0.31±0.04 a
	IV	95.63±5.46 a	71.23±1.29 b	48.82±1.64 abc	44.60±1.47 b	1.46±0.07 a	4.70±0.46 a	0.26±0.01 ab
	V	105.83±7.06 a	66.06±1.44 c	43.53±0.42 a	39.93±0.59 c	1.52±0.05 a	4.08±0.51 a	0.17±0.02 b
中科绿猕 2 号 Zhongkelümi No. 2	I	84.77±2.90 ab	66.99±1.59 b	42.70±1.45 a	42.09±1.34 a	1.57±0.03 a	5.50±1.40 ab	0.36±0.06 ab
	II	87.10±2.56 ab	73.65±2.56 a	47.19±1.52 a	45.13±1.53 a	1.56±0.01 a	6.70±0.50 a	0.41±0.08 a
	III	81.00±1.83 b	61.73±2.54 b	41.76±1.24 a	39.61±0.96 a	1.48±0.03 a	3.43±0.70 bc	0.24±0.04 bc
	IV	90.10±1.37 a	65.48±0.90 b	46.90±2.96 a	45.18±2.42 a	1.41±0.10 a	3.43±0.70 bc	0.21±0.02 bc
	V	85.17±2.14 ab	67.19±1.27 b	45.26±1.70 a	40.97±1.86 a	1.49±0.03 a	2.27±0.27 c	0.18±0.01 c

注:不同小写字母表示处理在 0.05 水平差异显著。
Note: Different small letters indicate significant difference among different treatments at 0.05 level.



不同小写字母表示不同处理在 0.05 水平差异显著。

Different small letters indicate significant difference among different treatments at 0.05 level.

图 1 不同采收期对猕猴桃果实内在品质的影响

Fig. 1 Effects of different harvesting periods on the internal quality of kiwifruit

物含量(w,后同)在采收期III时最高,达12.5%,与采收期I相比显著增加102.7%;软熟后则在采收期I时含量最高,达13.3%,但与采收期II、III间无显著差异,与采收期IV、V相比显著提高14.33%、34.80%;在采收期III时可溶性糖含量最高,为14.4%,且显著高于其他处理;在采收期III时可滴定酸含量最高,为2.15%,与采收期IV无显著差异,但显著高于其他处理;在采收期IV时抗坏血酸含量最高,为135.17 mg·100 g⁻¹,与采收期V相比无显著差异,较采收期I显著提高62.69%;在采收期III时干物质含量最高,为16.82%,但各采收期之间无显著差异。

中科绿猕2号刚采摘时处于采收期V时可溶性固形物含量最高,达14.37%,与采收期IV无显著差异,较采收期I、II、III分别显著提高109.22%、95.02%、50.7%;软熟后则在采收期IV时含量最高,达16.10%,与采收期III、V无显著差异;在采收期IV时可溶性糖含量最高,为13.79%,且显著高于其他采收期,其他采收期之间无显著差异;在采收期V时可滴定酸含量最高,为2.02%,显著高于采收期IV,与其他采收期则无显著差异;在采收期II时抗坏血酸含量最高,为113.13 mg·100 g⁻¹,显著高于采收期I、III、V;在采收期I时干物质含量最高,为18.72%,

与采收期Ⅳ无显著差异,但显著高于其他处理。

综上所述,中科绿猕猴桃2号果实的可溶性固形物、可溶性糖含量整体高于中科绿猕猴桃1号;中科绿猕猴桃2号的抗坏血酸含量在采收期Ⅰ、Ⅱ时均高于中科绿猕猴桃1号,从采收期Ⅲ开始含量低于中科绿猕猴桃1号,且差距逐渐增大。中科绿猕猴桃1号在采收期Ⅲ时可溶性糖含量、可滴定酸含量、采收时可溶性固形物含量、干物质含量均达到峰值,此时期果实软熟时可溶性固形物含量与峰值也无显著差异,说明花后166 d时采摘可有效提高中科绿猕猴桃1号的果实品质。中科绿猕猴桃2号在采收期Ⅳ软熟后的可溶性固形物、可溶性糖含量最高,说明适当延后采摘可有效提高中科绿猕猴桃2号的果实品质。

2.3 不同采收期对猕猴桃感官评价和软腐病发病率的影响

由表2可知,中科绿猕猴桃1号在Ⅰ~Ⅴ5个采收期下的感官评价得分排名分别是4、3、1、5、2,采收期Ⅲ时得分最高,为3.00分,较得分最低的采收期Ⅳ提高36.36%;软腐病发病率呈先升高后降低再升高的变化趋势,在采收期Ⅰ未见果实发病,采收期Ⅴ时发病率达6.45%。中科绿猕猴桃2号在Ⅰ~Ⅴ5个采收期的感官评价得分排名分别是3、4、5、1、2,采收期Ⅳ时得分最高,为4.13分,采收期Ⅲ时得分最低,为2.63;软腐病发病率在采收期Ⅴ时最高,达8.70%,采收期Ⅱ、Ⅲ、Ⅳ时发病率均为5.00%。

综上所述,根据感官评价得分情况,发现中科绿猕猴桃2号较中科绿猕猴桃1号整体得分更高,更受消费者喜欢,中科绿猕猴桃1号在采收期Ⅲ时感官评价最佳,中科

绿猕猴桃2号则在采收期Ⅳ时感官评价最佳,说明早采或晚采都会一定程度上影响果实口感。中科绿猕猴桃2号的软腐病发病率也明显高于中科绿猕猴桃1号,中科绿猕猴桃1号在采收期Ⅰ时并未见发病情况,但中科绿猕猴桃2号已有6.06%的发病率,在采收期Ⅱ~Ⅳ之间发病率并未提高,中科绿猕猴桃1号和中科绿猕猴桃2号在采收期Ⅴ时发病率均为最高,说明晚采会提高猕猴桃果实的软腐病发病率。

2.4 主成分分析与综合评价

采用主成分分析法,综合评价不同采收期对中科绿猕猴桃1号和中科绿猕猴桃2号生长发育与品质的影响。选取可溶性糖含量、可滴定酸含量、抗坏血酸含量、采收时可溶性固形物含量、软熟时可溶性固形物、干物质含量、采收时硬度、软熟时硬度、果形指数、软腐病发病率、感官评价11个指标进行主成分分析。由表3可知,中科绿猕猴桃1号共提取出4个主成分,第一主成分的特征值为4.59,贡献率为41.77%;第二主成分的特征值为2.95,贡献率为26.80%;第三主成分的特征值为2.31,贡献率为21.01%;第四主成分的特征值为1.15,贡献率为10.43%;提取出的4个主成分累计贡献率为100%。中科绿猕猴桃2号共提取3个主成分,第一主成分的特征值为5.65,贡献率为51.38%;第二主成分的特征值为3.49,贡献率为31.68%;第三主成分的特征值为1.35,贡献率为12.27%;提取出的3个主成分累计贡献率为95.33%。

由表4可知, F 值为综合主成分值,中科绿猕猴桃1号在采收期Ⅲ时的综合主成分值最高,为1.69,其次为采收期Ⅴ, F 值为-0.05,采收期Ⅰ的 F 值最低,为-1.42,综合评价表现最差;中科绿猕猴桃2号在采收期Ⅳ时的综合主成分值最高,为2.41;其次为采收期Ⅲ, F 值为-0.23;采收期Ⅰ的 F 值最低,为-1,综合

表2 不同采收期对猕猴桃感官评价和软腐病发病率的影响
Table 2 Effects of different harvesting periods on sensory evaluation and soft rot incidence in kiwifruit

品种 Variety	采收期 Picking period	感官评价得分 Sensory evaluation score	软腐病发病率 Soft rot incidence/%
中科绿猕猴桃1号 Zhongkelümi No. 1	Ⅰ	2.62	0.00
	Ⅱ	2.74	5.00
	Ⅲ	3.00	5.00
	Ⅳ	2.20	2.63
	Ⅴ	2.80	6.45
中科绿猕猴桃2号 Zhongkelümi No. 2	Ⅰ	2.88	6.06
	Ⅱ	2.75	5.00
	Ⅲ	2.63	5.00
	Ⅳ	4.13	5.00
	Ⅴ	3.01	8.70

表3 主成分特征值及贡献率
Table 3 Principal component eigenvalue and contribution rate

品种 Variety	主成分 Principal component	特征值 Eigenvalue	贡献率 Contribution rate/%	累计贡献率 Cumulative contribution rate/%
中科绿猕猴桃1号 Zhongkelümi No. 1	1	4.59	41.77	41.77
	2	2.95	26.80	68.56
	3	2.31	21.01	89.58
	4	1.15	10.43	100.00
中科绿猕猴桃2号 Zhongkelümi No. 2	1	5.65	51.38	51.38
	2	3.49	31.68	83.06
	3	1.35	12.27	95.33

表 4 相关指标的主成分值及综合排名

Table 4 Principal component value and comprehensive ranking of related indicators

品种 Variety	采收期 Picking period	F1	F2	F3	F4	F	排序 Sort
中科绿猕 1 号 Zhongkelūmi No. 1	I	-3.48	0.52	-0.13	-0.75	-1.42	5
	II	-0.34	-1.67	1.79	1.15	-0.09	3
	III	1.67	3.04	0.96	-0.24	1.69	1
	IV	0.34	0.32	-2.23	1.07	-0.13	4
	V	1.80	-2.21	-0.38	-1.23	-0.05	2
中科绿猕 2 号 Zhongkelūmi No. 2	I	-2.14	-0.22	1.28		-1.00	5
	II	-2.42	1.46	-0.83		-0.85	4
	III	0.05	-0.50	-0.57		-0.23	2
	IV	3.25	2.02	0.31		2.41	1
	V	1.27	-2.75	-0.20		-0.34	3

评价表现最差。因此,中科绿猕 1 号宜在采收期III时(即花后 166 d)采收,中科绿猕 2 号宜在采收期 IV时(即花后 174 d)采收,此时采收对猕猴桃的生长发育、品质提高效果最佳,同时发病率较低,能保证最大收益。

2.5 中科绿猕 1 号和中科绿猕 2 号的代谢物含量及相对气味活度值差异比较分析

在中科绿猕 1 号和中科绿猕 2 号果肉中共检测到 1314 种代谢物,两个品种间差异显著的代谢物数目 550 种;下调代谢物数目 392 种;上调代谢物数目 158 种。由图 2 可知,中科绿猕 1 号、中科绿猕 2 号共

检测出 15 种类型的代谢物,含量大于 5%的代谢物种类有酸类、醇类、醛类、酯类、杂环类、烃类、酮类、萜类。萜类、酯类、酮类的含量占比较高,中科绿猕 1 号占比分别为 21.7%、16.08%、11.54%,中科绿猕 2 号占比分别为 21.4%、16.05%、11.41%,均小于中科绿猕 1 号。

相对气味活度值(relative odor activity value, rOAV)是评价某种挥发性成分对总体香气的贡献度指标,一般来说rOAV≥1,表明该化合物对样品风味有直接的贡献^[13-15]。表 5 中列出了 rOAV≥1 的所有挥发性代谢物及其含量,其中中科绿猕 1 号有 152

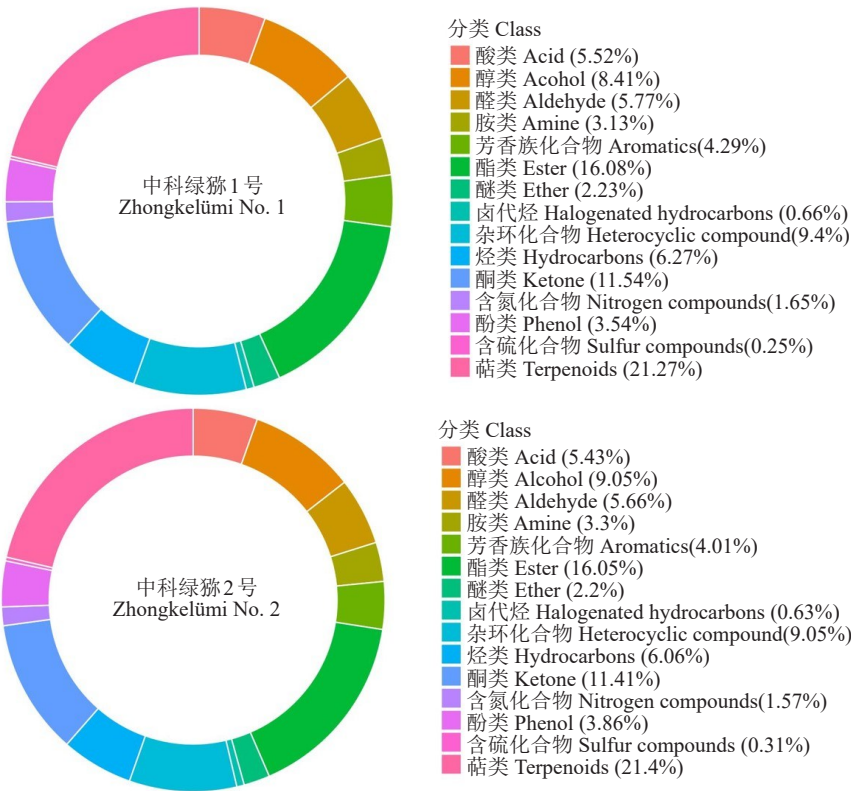


图 2 中科绿猕 1 号和中科绿猕 2 号代谢物类别组成环形图

Fig. 2 Circular distribution of metabolomic classifications in Zhongkelūmi No. 1 and Zhongkelūmi No. 2

表 5 中科绿猕 1 号和中科绿猕 2 号果实挥发性物质成分含量及相对气味活度值

Table 5 Content of volatile compounds and ROAV in fruits of Zhongkelümi No. 1 and Zhongkelümi No. 2

物质 Compound	化学式 Chemical formula	CAS	NIST_ RI	气味 Odor	中科绿猕1号 Zhongkelimi No. 1		中科绿猕2号 Zhongkelimi No. 2	
					ρ (代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV	ρ (代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV
酯类 Esters								
异戊酸异丁酯 Isobutyl isovalerate	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$	589-59-3	1336	甜味、果香、苹果、树莓、青草香、香蕉 Sweet, fruity, apple, raspberry, green, banana	17 496.04	1.09	116 637.51	—
戊酸戊酯 Pentanoic acid, pentyl ester	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_2$	2173-56-0	1075	成熟水果、苹果 Ripe fruit, apple	15 456.05	3.50	17 690.55	3.55
2-甲基丙酸 2-甲基丁酯 Propanoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-methylbutyl ester	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$	2445-69-4	1133	果香、醚香、热带水果、香蕉 Fruity, ethereal, tropical, banana	8 482.38	7.03	3 115.86	3.25
丁酸丁酯 Butanoic acid, butyl ester	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$	109-21-7	1045	果香、香蕉、菠萝、青草香、樱桃、热带水果、成熟水果、多汁果香 Fruity, banana, pineapple, green, cherry, tropical fruit, ripe fruit, juicy fruity	34 122.71	1.10	10 016.09	—
3-环己烯甲酸乙酯 Ethyl 3-cyclohexenecarboxylate	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$	15111-56-5	1984	—	7 831.08	302.42	8 043.94	377.72
3-甲基丁酸乙酯 Butanoic acid, 3-methyl-, ethyl ester	$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2$	108-64-5	1483	草莓、糖果、果香 Strawberry, candy, fruity	36 526.74	87.27	43 056.90	95.39
己酸甲酯 Hexanoic acid, methyl ester	$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2$	106-70-7	1274	醚香、果香、菠萝、杏子、草莓、热带水果、香蕉、培根 Ethereal, fruity, pineapple, apricot, strawberry, tropical, banana, bacon	4 164.60	—	3 339.49	1.11
异丁酸甲酯 Methyl isobutyrate	$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$	547-63-7	790	花香 Flowery	14 003.96	—	362 306.54	3.75
苯甲酸甲酯 Benzoic acid, methyl ester	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{O}_2$	93-58-3	1278	酚香、冬青、杏仁、花香、康乃馨 Phenol, wintergreen, almond, floral, canga	132 848.12	40.28	31 534.09	65.73
邻氨基苯甲酸甲酯 Methyl anthranilate	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_9\text{NO}_2$	134-20-3	1347	果香、葡萄、橙子、花香、橙花 Fruity, grape, orange, flowery, neroli	43 513.91	3.12	254 392.64	21.63
庚酸乙酯 Heptanoic acid, ethyl ester	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$	106-30-9	1198	果香、菠萝、干邑、朗姆酒香、葡萄酒香 Fruity, pineapple, cognac, rummy, wine	25 369.67	6.70	15 776.43	8.57
3-巯基乙酸酯 3-Mercaptohexyl acetate	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2\text{S}$	136954-20-6	1200	硫磺味、葡萄柚、果香 Sulfury, grapefruit, fruity	307.94	419.89	4 258.73	488.33
(Z)-6-十二碳烯- γ -内酯 2(3H)-Furanone, dihydro-5-(2-octenyl)-, (Z)-	$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_2$	18679-18-0	995	甜味、脂肪香、蜡香、乳制品、奶油香、果香 Sweet, fatty, waxy, dairy, creamy, fruity	19 208.96	2.37	12 689.61	2.76
己酸乙酯 Hexanoic acid, ethyl ester	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$	123-66-0	1008	苹果、梨、果香 Apple, pear, fruity	755.41	2.12	5 308.29	25.89
月桂酸甲酯 Dodecanoic acid, methyl ester	$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_2$	111-82-0	1395	蜡香、肥皂香、奶油香、椰子、蘑菇 Waxy, soapy, creamy, coconut, mushroom	3 550.26	1.18	4 122.15	—

注: 气味列中 – 表示该物质不表现任何气味特征, 相对气味活度值 rOAV 列中 – 表示该物质对果实整体香气特征无显著贡献。

Note: In the odor column, – indicates that the substance does not exhibit any odor characteristics; In the relative odor activity value (rOAV) column, – indicates that the substance does not contribute significantly to the overall aroma profile of the fruit.

表 5 (续) Table 5 (Continued)

物质 Compound	化学式 Chemical formula	CAS	NIST_ RI	气味 Odor	中科绿猕1号 Zhongkelümi No. 1		中科绿猕2号 Zhongkelümi No. 2	
					ρ (代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV	ρ (代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV
乙酸癸酯 Acetic acid, decyl ester	$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_2$	112-17-4	1409	蜡香、清新、干净、洗衣布、布料、柑橘、肥皂香 Waxy, clean, fresh, laundered cloth, citrus, soapy	109 918.41	3.19	22 747.06	-
(<i>E,Z</i>)-2,4-癸二烯酸乙酯	$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_2$	3025-30-7	1501	青草香、蜡香、梨、苹果、甜味、果香、热带水果 Green, waxy, pear, apple, sweet, fruity, tropical	69 092.78	1.31	15 704.65	-
2,4-Decadienoic acid, ethyl ester, (<i>E,Z</i>)-								
替各酸甲酯 Methyl tiglate	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_3$	6622-76-0	1092	-	54 119.50	1.61	71 657.46	1.65
丙酸香叶酯 Geranyl propionate	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_2$	105-90-8	1064	花香、清新、蜡香、果香、玫瑰、热带水果 Floral, fresh, waxy, fruity, rose, tropical	7 230.84	6.25	7 545.57	4.72
1-乙酸乙丙酯 1-Ethylpropyl acetate	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_3$	620-11-1	1578	-	5 555.67	-	6 566.12	18.25
己酸-2-苯乙酯	$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_2$	6290-37-5	1348	甜味、蜂蜜、花香、蜡香、木质香、汗味、青草香、香蕉、菠萝 Sweet, honey, floral, waxy, woody, sweaty, green, banana, pineapple	3 409.33	1.60	9 462.58	1.76
Hexanoic acid, 2-phenylethyl ester								
3-甲基戊酸乙酯	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$	5870-68-8	1197	果香、菠萝 Fruity, pineapple	34 127.24	53.84	31 902.89	312.66
Pentanoic acid, 3-methyl-, ethyl ester								
己硫代酸-S-甲酯	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{OS}$	2432-77-1	1490	卷心菜、橡胶味 Cabbage, rubbery	33 663.14	2 504.84	28 770.72	2 541.03
Hexanethioic acid, S-methyl ester								
乙酸-2-戊酯 2-Pentanol, acetate	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_3$	626-38-0	838	草本香、杂草味、霉味、青草香、蔬菜、坚果皮、豆味、酯香、动物香 Herbal, weedy, musty, green, vegetable, nutskin, beany, ketonic, animalic	4 718.29	1.22	23 591.47	5.88
2-羟基苯甲酸丁酯	$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_3$	2052-14-4	1732	刺鼻、苯甲酸乙酯、三叶草 Harsh, ethyl benzoate, clover	31 104.84	26.75	6 785.78	31.05
Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, butyl ester								
(<i>E</i>)-3-苯基烯丙乙酸酯	$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$	21040-45-9	1451	甜味、花香、香料香、酯香 Sweet, floral, spicy, balsamic	9 530.84	1.21	3 514.14	1.31
2-Propen-1-ol, 3-phenyl-, acetate, (<i>E</i>)-								
顺式正戊酸-3-己烯酯	$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_2$	35852-46-1	1170	青草香、果香、苹果、梨、猕猴桃、未成熟、香蕉、热带水果 Green, fruity, apple, pear, kiwi, unripe, banana, tropical	19 755.89	13.07	42 636.46	15.37
n-Valeric acid cis-3-hexenyl ester								
顺式-3-己烯基异戊酸酯	$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_2$	35154-45-1	1237	清新、青草香、苹果、果香、热带水果、菠萝 Fresh, green, apple, fruity, tropical, pineapple	1 344 419.98	39.22	1 636 816.66	46.11
cis-3-Hexenyl isovalerate								
肉桂酸甲酯	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$	103-26-4	1619	甜味、酯香、草莓、樱桃、肉桂 Sweet, balsamic, strawberry, cherry, cinnamon	7 124.23	-	5 180.82	1.07
2-Propenoic acid, 3-phenyl-, methyl ester								
2-甲基丁酸戊酯	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_2$	68039-26-9	1070	苹果、果香、热带水果 Apple, fruity, tropical	14 580.05	10.58	17 301.76	10.73
Butanoic acid, 2-methyl-, pentyl ester								
3-甲基丁酸苯甲酯	$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$	103-38-8	1392	甜味、果香、苹果、菠萝、草本香 Sweet, fruity, apple, pineapple, herbal	51 529.01	3.01	8 215.47	-
Butanoic acid, 3-methyl-, phenylmethyl ester								
乙酸异戊酯 1-Butanol, 3-methyl-, acetate	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_3$	123-92-2	966	甜味、果香、香蕉、青草香、成熟 Sweet, fruity, banana, green, ripe	122 261.43	2.29	65 252.96	1.66
酯类合计 Total esters					2 285 779.30	3 548.06	2 895 941.36	4 090.91
萜类 Terpene								

表 5 (续) Table 5 (Continued)

物质 Compound	化学式 Chemical formula	NIST_ RI	气味 Odor	中科绿猕1号 Zhongkelümi No. 1		中科绿猕2号 Zhongkelümi No. 2	
				ρ (代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV	ρ (代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV
7,11-二甲基-3-亚甲基-1,6,10-十二碳三烯 1,6,10-Dodecatriene, 7,11-dimethyl-3-methyl- ene-	$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$	77129-48-7	1339	-	1.41	70 010.84	-
香叶醇 Geraniol	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$	106-24-1	1114	甜味、花香、果香、玫瑰、蜡香、柑橘 Sweet, floral, fruity, rose, waxy, citrus	3.11	1 950.47	-
D-香芹酮 D-Carvone	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	2244-16-8	1240	香料、薄荷香、面包、葛缕子 Spice, minty, bread, caraway	26.21	1 024 859.21	30.20
(E)-3,7-二甲基-2,6-辛二醛 2,6-Octadienal, 3,7-dimethyl-, (E)-	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	141-27-5	1259	柑橘、柠檬 Citrus, lemon	11.46	2 518.52	2.75
顺式- β -法呢烯 cis- β -Farnesene	$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$	28973-97-9	1270	柑橘、青草香 Citrus, green	2.37	136 558.52	1.34
α -紫罗兰酮 α -Ionone	$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}$	127-41-3	1409	甜味、木质香、花香、紫罗兰、鸢尾、热带水果、果香 Sweet, woody, floral, violet, orris, tropical, fruity	40.25	10 819.29	22.52
左旋龙脑 Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ol, 1,7,7-trimethyl-, (1S-endo)-	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$	464-45-9	1139	松木、木质香、樟脑 Pine, woody, camphor	53.89	2 074.04	53.46
δ -杜松烯 Naphthalene, 1,2,3,5,6,8a-hexahydro-4,7- dimethyl-1-(1-methylethyl)-, (1S-cis)-	$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$	483-76-1	1523	百里香、草本香、木质香、干燥 Thyme, herbal, woody, dry	3.87	122 350.79	4.05
(1 α ,2 α ,5 β)-5-甲基-2-(1-甲基乙基)环己醇 Cyclohexanol, 5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)-, (1 α ,2 α ,5 β)-	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}$	3623-51-6	1006	-	-	21 842.23	3.10
β -水芹烯 β -Phellandrene	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$	555-10-2	1605	萜烯香、草本香 Terpenic, herbal	-	6 616.53	1.17
桉叶油醇 Eucalyptol	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$	470-82-6	1239	桉树、草本香、樟脑、药香 Eucalyptus, herbal, camphor, medicinal	4.03	142 410.15	5.37
6-甲基紫罗兰酮 α -Irone	$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}$	79-69-6	1239	鸢尾、花香、浆果、紫罗兰、木质香、粉香 Orris, floral, berry, violet, woody, powdery	4.21	62 816.01	2.17
(3R,3aS,8aR)-6,8a-二甲基-3-丙酞-2- 基-1,2,3,4,5,8-六氢甘菊-3 α -醇 Carotol	$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}$	465-28-1	1368	愉悦、温和 Pleasant, mild	6.28	15 507.13	-
异丁酸香叶酯 Geranyl isobutyrate	$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_2$	2345-26-8	1099	甜味、花香、果香、青草香、桃子、杏子、玫瑰 Sweet, floral, fruity, green, peach, apricot, rose	1.02	238 540.69	-
(R)-3,7-二甲基-6-辛烯醛 6-Octenal, 3,7-dimethyl-, (R)-	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$	2385-77-5	1244	清新、草本香、柑橘 Fresh, herbal, citrus	2.37	1 777.24	-
2,6,6-三甲基-1-环己烯-1-甲醛 1-Cyclohexene-1-carboxaldehyde, 2,6,6-tri- methyl-	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	432-25-7	1057	热带水果、藏红花、草本香、干净、玫瑰、甜味、烟草、大马酮、果香 Tropical, saffron, herbal, clean, rose, sweet, tobacco, damascone, fruity	3.62	523.62	1.59

表 5 (续) Table 5 (Continued)

物质 Compound	化学式 Chemical formula	CAS	NIST_ RI	气味 Odor	中科绿猕1号 Zhongkelümi No. 1		中科绿猕2号 Zhongkelümi No. 2	
					ρ (代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV	ρ (代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气味 活度值 rOAV
(Z)-3,7-二甲基-2,6-辛二醛 Neral	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	106-26-3	1226	甜味、柠檬醛、柠檬、果皮 Sweet, citral, lemon, peel	18 609.74	7.58	8 488.63	8.71
5-甲基-2-(1-甲基乙基)环己酮 Cyclohexanone, 5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)-	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$	10458-14-7	1100	薄荷味 Minty	4 809.05	1.08	4 809.05	-
1,3,8-对薄荷三烯 1,3,8-p-Menthatriene	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14}$	18368-95-1	1170	松节油、樟脑、草本香、木质香 Turpentine, camphor, herbal, woody	2 913.53	6.09	6 950.78	3.34
2-甲基异冰片 2-Methylisoborneol	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	2371-42-8	1168	泥土味、霉味 Earthy, musty	3 866.76	30.84	15 235.55	18.52
葎草烯 Humulene	$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$	6753-98-6	1479	木质香 Woody	224 187.08	-	141 718.18	1.07
4-[2,2,6-三甲基-7-氧杂二环[4.1.0] 庚-1-基]-3-丁烯-2-酮	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$	23267-57-4	1577	果香、甜味、浆果、木质香、紫罗兰、鸢尾、粉香 Fruity, sweet, berry, woody, violet, orris, powdery	131 969.30	1.17	30 335.93	1.58
3-Buten-2-one, 4-(2,2,6-trimethyl-7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-1-yl)-								
3,7,11-三甲基-1,6,10-十二碳三烯-3-醇 1,6,10-Dodecatrien-3-ol, 3,7,11-trimethyl-	$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{30}\text{O}$	7212-44-4	1258	花香、青草香、蜡香、柑橘、木质香 Floral, green, waxy, citrus, woody	6 599.10	7.45	6 775.72	2.31
(+)- α -蒎烯 (1R)-2,6,6-Trimethylbicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2-ene	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$	7785-70-8	936	刺鼻、蒎烯香、芳香、薄荷香 Harsh, terpene, aromatic, minty	11 055.01	1.22	14 614.50	1.55
β -法尼烯 (<i>E</i>)- β -Farnesene	$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$	18794-84-8	1361	木质香、柑橘、草本香、甜味 Woody, citrus, herbal, sweet	199 620.54	1.41	70 010.84	-
大根香叶烯 D Germacrene D	$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$	23986-74-5	1477	木质香、香料 Woody, spice	277 629.87	135.00	346 635.24	162.73
柠檬烯 Limonene	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$	138-86-3	1193	柑橘、草本香、蒎烯香、樟脑 Citrus, herbal, terpene, camphor	308.94	1.73	3 186.79	2.30
橙花醇 2,6-Octadien-1-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-, (<i>Z</i>)-	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$	106-25-2	1117	柠檬、清新 Lemon, fresh	390.09	9.93	1 950.47	11.78
香芹酮 Carvone	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}$	99-49-0	1260	薄荷味、甘草 Minty, licorice	35 192.73	3.91	2 934.76	4.51
柠檬醛 Citral	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	5392-40-5	1285	尖锐、柠檬、甜味 Sharp, lemon, sweet	15 825.40	3.21	2 518.52	-
邻伞花烃 o-Cymene	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14}$	527-84-4	1318	汽油味 Gasoline	1 082 531.55	4.75	282 863.73	3.08
对伞花烃 p-Cymene	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14}$	99-87-6	1022	汽油味、柑橘 Gasoline, citrus	93 091.18	4.77	62 566.98	3.09
萜类合计 Total terpenoids					4 414 911.38	384.21	2 862 770.96	352.30
酮类 ketone								
(<i>E,E</i>)-3,5-辛二烯-2-酮 3,5-Octadien-2-one, (<i>E,E</i>)-	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{12}\text{O}$	30086-02-3	1060	果香、青草香、青草味 Fruity, green, grassy	12 320.51	48.47	9 594.77	26.28
6-甲基-5-庚烯-2-酮	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{14}\text{O}$	110-93-0	1091	草本香、青草香、柑橘、霉味、柠檬草 Herbal, green, citrus, musty, lemon grass	1 465 475.96	1.43	1 954 749.02	-
5-Hepten-2-one, 6-methyl-								
2,2,6-三甲基环己酮 Cyclohexanone, 2,2,6-trimethyl-	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	2408-37-9	998	辛辣、侧柏酮、芳丹脂、蜂蜜、岩蔷薇 Pungent, thujone, labdanum, honey, cistus	6 468.61	88.22	654.29	81.33

表 5 (续) Table 5 (Continued)

物质 Compound	化学式 Chemical formula	NIST_ RI	气味 Odor	中科绿猕 1 号 Zhongkelümi No. 1		中科绿猕 2 号 Zhongkelümi No. 2	
				ρ(代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ (μg·mL ⁻¹)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV	ρ(代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ (μg·mL ⁻¹)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV
四氢-6-丙基-2H-吡喃-2-酮	C ₈ H ₁₄ O ₂	1437	椰子 Coconut	84 650.92	1.05	80 464.97	-
2H-Pyran-2-one, tetrahydro-6-propyl-							
6-戊基-2H-吡喃-2-酮	C ₁₀ H ₁₆ O ₂	27593-23-3	1288	753 497.18	1.69	187 051.61	1.60
2H-Pyran-2-one, 6-pentyl-			零陵香豆、内酯香、椰子、奶油香、脂肪香、蜡香 Tonka, lactonic, coconut, creamy, fatty, waxy				
4-乙基-3-己酮 3-Hexanone, 4-ethyl-	C ₈ H ₁₆ O	6137-12-8	1529	18 191.88	-	6 219.51	2.82
1,7-二氧杂环庚烷-8-酮	C ₈ H ₁₆ O ₃	3391-83-1	1050	1 332 078.11	2.32	1 560 069.61	-
1,7-Dioxacycloheptadecan-8-one							
5-壬酮 5-Nonanone	C ₉ H ₁₈ O	502-56-7	1375	75 154.25	53.74	101 369.89	54.52
1-庚烯-3-酮 1-Hepten-3-one	C ₈ H ₁₄ O	2918-13-0	855	14 956.50	32.31	16 932.42	24.08
1-辛烯-3-酮 1-Octen-3-one	C ₈ H ₁₄ O	4312-99-6	1226	681 303.40	2 137.30	826 541.28	567.97
1-(2,6,6-三甲基-1,3-环己二烯基)-2-丁烯酮	C ₁₃ H ₁₈ O	23696-85-7	1014	1 591.53	9.88	2 842.96	9.67
2-Buten-1-one, 1-(2,6,6-trimethyl-1,3-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-			自然、甜味、果香、玫瑰、李子、葡萄、树莓、糖 Natural, sweet, fruity, rose, plum, grape, raspberry, sugar				
3-壬酮 3-Nonanone	C ₉ H ₁₈ O	925-78-0	1046	4 774.38	6.45	4 049.00	7.72
2-壬酮 2-Nonanone	C ₉ H ₁₈ O	821-55-6	1354	10 549.07	-	9 102.48	1.05
2-十一酮 2-Undecanone	C ₁₁ H ₂₂ O	112-12-9	1090	597 410.90	2.60	799 373.20	-
1-壬烯-3-酮 1-Nonen-3-one	C ₉ H ₁₆ O	24415-26-7	991	35 174.81	36 563.43	8 450.58	26 734.05
1-(2-噻吩基)乙酮 Ethanone, 1-(2-thienyl)-	C ₈ H ₆ OS	88-15-3	1224	12 561.91	56.44	14 878.28	68.80
5-乙基-2(5H)-呋喃酮	C ₈ H ₈ O ₂	2407-43-4	1389	177 041.54	19.32	96 517.12	15.17
2(5H)-Furanone, 5-ethyl-			辛辣、蘑菇 Pungent, mushroom				
4-羧基-2,5-二甲基-3(2H)-呋喃酮 Furanol	C ₈ H ₈ O ₃	3658-77-3	1590	357 210.48	816.90	83 465.93	869.42
四氢-6-甲基-2H-吡喃-2-酮	C ₈ H ₁₀ O ₂	823-22-3	1315	1 828.28	4.68	1 047.65	3.87
2H-Pyran-2-one, tetrahydro-6-methyl-			甜味、棉花糖、糖果、焦糖、草莓、糖 Sweet, cotton, candy, caramel, strawberry, sugar				
6-甲基-2-庚酮 2-Heptanone, 6-methyl-	C ₈ H ₁₆ O	928-68-7	1358	7 108.66	296.26	14 768.88	314.79
3-十一酮 3-Undecanone	C ₁₁ H ₂₂ O	2216-87-7	1150	6 846 028.70	2.97	6 920 843.14	-
4-(2,6,6-三甲基-1,3-环己二烯基)-3-丁烯-2-酮	C ₁₃ H ₁₈ O	1203-08-3	1465	339 141.57	1 235.12	425 009.16	1 424.35
4-(2,6,6-Trimethylcyclohexa-1,3-dienyl)but-3-en-2-one							
3-辛烯-2-酮 3-Octen-2-one	C ₈ H ₁₄ O	1669-44-9	1191	46 740.19	584.89	40 892.55	783.08
			泥土味、香料香、草本香、甜味、蘑菇、干草、蓝莓 Earthy, spicy, herbal, sweet, mushroom, hay, blueberry				

表 5 (续) Table 5 (Continued)

物质 Compound	化学式 Chemical formula	CAS	NIST_ RI	气味 Odor	中科绿猕1号 Zhongkelumi No. 1		中科绿猕2号 Zhongkelumi No. 2	
					ρ (代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV	ρ (代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV
1-己烯-3-酮 1-Hexen-3-one	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	1629-60-3	1016	熟蔬菜、金属味 Cooked vegetable, metallic	103 547.76	8.19	143 005.65	7.91
酮类合计 Total ketone					12 984 807.08	41 973.64	13 307 893.93	30 998.47
醛类 Aldehydes								
α -甲基苯乙醛 Benzeneacetaldehyde, α -methyl-	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$	93-53-8	1103	清新、尖锐、青草香、风信子、绿叶、丁香 Fresh, sharp, green, hyacinth, leafy, lilac	17 279.31	-	15 579.74	2.28
2,4-壬二烯醛 2,4-Nonadienal	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{14}\text{O}$	6750-03-4	1072	脂肪香、青草香、黄瓜 Fatty, green, cucumber	9 660.22	67.58	6 101.75	62.67
2-壬烯醛 2-Nonenal	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	2463-53-8	1196	脂肪香、青草香、蜡香、黄瓜、甜瓜 Fatty, green, waxy, cucumber, melon	26 447.02	7 438.71	25 375.66	7 314.01
(E,Z)-2,6-壬二烯醛 2,6-Nonadienal, (E,Z)-	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{14}\text{O}$	557-48-2	1161	黄瓜、青草香 Cucumber, green	1 274 842.74	11 289.10	1 298 301.03	1 553.23
(E,E)-2,4-壬二烯醛 2,4-Nonadienal, (E,E)-	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{14}\text{O}$	5910-87-2	1243	脂肪香、甜瓜、蜡香、青草香、紫罗兰、绿叶、黄瓜、热带水果、果香、鸡肉 Fatty, melon, waxy, green, violet, leafy, cucumber, tropical, fruity, chicken	954 338.57	49.63	1 064 493.06	20.19
2-甲基苯甲醛 Benzaldehyde, 2-methyl-	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{O}$	529-20-4	1141	温和花香、甜味 Mild floral, sweet	70 431.41	2.03	70 084.93	1.17
反式-4-癸烯醛 4-Decenal, (E)-	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$	65405-70-1	1795	清新、醛香、柑橘、橙子、橘子、青草香、脂肪香 Fresh, aldehydic, citrus, orange, mandarin, green, fatty	34 340.60	1.65	3 028.54	-
(E)-2-癸烯醛 2-Decenal, (E)-	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$	3913-81-3	1100	蜡香、脂肪香、泥土味、青草香、香菜、蘑菇、醛香、油炸、鸡肉、脂肪香、牛脂 Waxy, fatty, earthy, green, cilantro, mushroom, aldehydic, fried, chicken, fatty, tallow	8 652.52	35.53	10 528.05	6.19
顺式-7-癸烯醛 cis-7-Decen-1-al	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$	21661-97-2	855	柑橘、醛香、黄瓜 Citrus, aldehydic, cucumber	6 569.73	1.24	5 392.41	-
十一烯醛 10-Undecenal	$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}$	112-45-8	839	蜡香、醛香、玫瑰、橘子、柑橘、肥皂香、脂肪香 Waxy, aldehydic, rose, mandarin, citrus, soapy, fatty	37 645.83	9.18	188 229.16	2.78
庚醛 Heptanal	$\text{C}_7\text{H}_{14}\text{O}$	111-71-7	987	清新、醛香、脂肪香、青草香、草本香、葡萄酒、臭氧 Fresh, aldehydic, fatty, green, herbal, wine, ozonous	1 496.86	1.71	16 654.58	1.98
己醛 Hexanal	$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}$	66-25-1	1672	醛香、青草味、绿叶、醋 Aldehyde, grassy, green leafy, vinegar	50 032.46	4.86	11 727.30	23.47
三聚乙醛 Paraldehyde	$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_3$	123-63-7	1960	甜味、芳香 Sweet, aromatic	54 416.09	22.11	49 731.21	22.63
4-(1-甲基乙烯基)-1-环己烯-1-甲醛 1-Cyclohexene-1-carboxaldehyde, 4-(1-meth- ylethenyl)-	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}$	2111-75-3	1145	清新、青草香、草本香、青草味、甜味、薄荷香、孜然 Fresh, green, herbal, grassy, sweet, minty, cumin	4 673.33	2.37	4 673.33	-
(Z,Z)-3,6-壬二烯醛 (Z,Z)-3,6-Nonadienal	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{14}\text{O}$	21944-83-2	1146	脂肪香、肥皂香、黄瓜 Fatty, soapy, cucumber	64 313.42	56.12	52 126.41	54.18
辛醛 Octanal	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	124-13-0	1092	柠檬、柑橘、青草 Lemon, citrus, green grass	13 061.72	41.44	17 336.53	23.82
8-壬烯醛 Non-8-enal	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	39770-04-2	1260	烟熏味、塑料 Smoky, plastic	9 774.78	2 788.05	3 187.14	3 577.25

表 5 (续) Table 5 (Continued)

物质 Compound	化学式 Chemical formula	CAS	NIST_ RI	气味 Odor	中科绿猕1号 Zhongkelümi No. 1			中科绿猕2号 Zhongkelümi No. 2		
					Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV	ρ (代谢物)	Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV	ρ (代谢物)
<i>E</i> -2-十一烯醛 2-Undecenal, <i>E</i> -	$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}$	53448-07-0	1323	清新、果香、柑橘、橙子、果皮 Fresh, fruity, citrus, orange, peel	14 556.61	6.58	1 308.60	14 556.61	6.58	1 308.60
<i>(Z)</i> -2-壬烯醛 2-Nonenal, <i>(Z)</i> -	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	60784-31-8	1197	鸢尾、脂肪香、蜡香、黄瓜 Orris, fatty, waxy, cucumber	26 447.02	165.31	25 375.66	26 447.02	165.31	25 375.66
<i>(E)</i> -2-壬烯醛 2-Nonenal, <i>(E)</i> -	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	18829-56-6	1148	脂肪香、青草香、黄瓜、醛香、柑橘 Fatty, green, cucumber, aldehydic, citrus	1 274 842.74	9 298.39	1 298 301.03	1 274 842.74	9 298.39	1 298 301.03
<i>(E,E)</i> -2,6-壬二烯醛 2,6-Nonadienal, <i>(E,E)</i> -	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{14}\text{O}$	17587-33-6	1161	清新、柑橘、青草香、黄瓜、甜瓜 Fresh, citrus, green, cucumber, melon	1 274 842.74	225.78	1 298 301.03	1 274 842.74	225.78	1 298 301.03
4-甲氧基苯甲醛 Benzaldehyde, 4-methoxy-	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{O}_2$	123-11-5	1604	甜味、粉香、含羞草、花香、山楂、香脂香 Sweet, powdery, mimosa, floral, hawthorn, balsamic	53 933.97	338.46	6 616.53	53 933.97	338.46	6 616.53
醛类合计 Total aldehyde					5 282 599.68	31 845.81	5 472 453.69	5 282 599.68	31 845.81	5 472 453.69
醇类 Alcohol										
3-呋喃甲醇 3-Furamethanol	$\text{C}_5\text{H}_6\text{O}_2$	4412-91-3	1180	-	308.94	-	3 186.79	308.94	-	3 186.79
3,7-二甲基-1,5,7-辛三烯-3-醇 1,5,7-Octatrien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	29957-43-5	1073	霉味 Mouldy	41 536.61	2.47	23 325.80	41 536.61	2.47	23 325.80
2-甲基-1-丁硫醇 1-Butanethiol, 2-methyl-	$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{12}\text{S}$	1878-18-8	1005	-	10 411.72	12.18	13 170.27	10 411.72	12.18	13 170.27
6-十一醇 6-Undecanol	$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}$	23708-56-7	1446	-	204 723.69	4.02	196 864.74	204 723.69	4.02	196 864.74
3,3-二甲基-1-丁醇 1-Butanol, 3,3-dimethyl-	$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}\text{O}$	624-95-3	987	-	830.72	466.07	8 808.39	830.72	466.07	8 808.39
6-甲基-2-庚醇 2-Heptanol, 6-methyl-	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$	4730-22-7	1679	-	29 853.26	1.67	26 813.37	29 853.26	1.67	26 813.37
1-癸醇 1-Decanol	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}$	112-30-1	1075	脂肪香、蜡香、花香、橙子、甜味、水润 Fatty, waxy, floral, orange, sweet, watery	21 939.60	12.60	1 844.66	21 939.60	12.60	1 844.66
5-甲基-2-呋喃甲硫醇 2-Furamethanethiol, 5-methyl-	$\text{C}_6\text{H}_8\text{OS}$	59303-05-8	1647	硫黄味、烘焙、咖啡 Sulfury, roasted, coffee	161 938.66	224.17	196 294.91	161 938.66	224.17	196 294.91
二甲苯硫醇 4a(2H)-Naphthalenol, octahydro- 4,8a-di- methyl-, (4 α ,4 α ,8 α)-	$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}$	19700-21-1	1409	清新、霉味、泥土味、土壤 Fresh, musty, earthy, soil	1 285 959.01	134.96	251 935.95	1 285 959.01	134.96	251 935.95
苯甲硫醇 Benzenemethanethiol	$\text{C}_7\text{H}_8\text{S}$	100-53-8	1046	尖锐、蒜味、洋葱、硫黄味、大蒜、辣根、薄荷香、咖啡 Sharp, alliaceous, onion, sulfury, garlic, horseradish, minty, coffee	241 738.00	15 516.13	66 270.83	241 738.00	15 516.13	66 270.83
<i>(Z)</i> -5-辛烯-1-醇 5-Octen-1-ol, <i>(Z)</i> -	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	64275-73-6	1330	青草香、甜瓜、水润、西瓜、泥土味、蘑菇、紫罗兰、绿叶、鱼腥味、肥皂香 Green, melon, watery, watermelon, earthy, mushroom, violet, leafy, fishy, soapy	19 104.50	19.52	6 176.50	19 104.50	19.52	6 176.50
3-甲基-2-丁硫醇 2-Butanethiol, 3-methyl-	$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{12}\text{S}$	2084-18-6	1257	令人不悦、牛肉味、肉味 Repulsive, beefy, meaty	47 166.67	62.82	8 598.89	47 166.67	62.82	8 598.89
1-壬烯-3-醇 1-Nonen-3-ol	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$	21964-44-3	1079	油腻、奶油香、青草香、泥土味、蘑菇 Oily, creamy, green, earthy, mushroom	5 102.24	7.29	3 901.43	5 102.24	7.29	3 901.43

表 5 (续) Table 5 (Continued)

物质 Compound	化学式 Chemical formula	CAS	NIST_ RI	气味 Odor	中科绿猕1号 Zhongkelumi No. 1			中科绿猕2号 Zhongkelumi No. 2		
					ρ (代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV	ρ (代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV	ρ (代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV
反式,顺式-2,6-壬二烯-1-醇 <i>trans,cis</i> -2,6-Nonadien-1-ol	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	28069-72-9	1153	青草香、黄瓜、油膩、紫罗兰、绿叶 Green, cucumber, oily, violet, leafy	193 472.04	11.53	27 571.13	24.02		
脱氢芳樟醇 Hotrienol	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$	20053-88-7	1435	风信子 Hyacinth	98 052.31	2.47	22 193.73	1.91		
醇类合计 Total alcohol					2 362 137.97	16 477.87	856 957.37	20 103.61		
其他 Others										
2,3-二乙基吡嗪 2,3-Diethylpyrazine	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2$	15707-24-1	1001	焦糊、焦糖、化学味、樟脑丸、刺痛感、烘焙、榛子 Burnt, caramel, chemical, mothball, prickling, roasted, hazelnut	28 636.11	1.15	10 258.49	1.08		
2-甲基-6-丙基吡嗪 Pyrazine, 2-methyl-6-propyl-	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2$	29444-46-0	1088	焦糊、奶油糖果 Burnt, butterscotch	98 712.47	1.56	96 028.98	2.03		
1,2,3,4-四氢-1,1,6-三甲基萘 Naphthalene, 1,2,3,4- tetrahydro- 1,1,6- tri- methyl-	$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{18}$	475-03-6	1476	木质香、樟脑、蔡、果香 Woody, camphor, naphthalene, fruityiness	229 189.52	2.50	275 613.70	4.07		
2,6-二甲基萘 Naphthalene, 2,6-dimethyl-	$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}$	581-42-0	1379	青草味 Grassy	14 190.07	3.67	20 914.31	-		
2-甲基萘 Naphthalene, 2-methyl-	$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{10}$	91-57-6	1447	甜味、花香、木质香 Sweet, floral, woody	304 930.08	4.38	224 862.77	-		
2,5-二氯苯酚 Phenol, 2,5-dichloro-	$\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\text{Cl}_2\text{O}$	583-78-8	1200	-	36 742.15	1.02	12 503.87	1.00		
1-甲基萘 Naphthalene, 1-methyl-	$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{10}$	90-12-0	1715	蔡香、化学味、药香、樟脑 Naphthyl, chemical, medicinal, camphor	67 947.97	2.50	14 744.27	-		
1,2,3,4-四氢-1,5,7-三甲基萘 Naphthalene, 1,2,3,4- tetrahydro- 1,5,7- tri- methyl-	$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{18}$	21693-55-0	1150	-	155 962.86	10.97	163 867.93	12.22		
对甲酚 p-Cresol	$\text{C}_7\text{H}_8\text{O}$	106-44-5	1406	酚香、水仙、动物香、含羞草 Phenol, narcissus, animalic, mimosa	43 846.87	44.63	799.07	27.40		
2-甲基-6-(甲硫基)-吡嗪 Pyrazine, 2-methyl-6-(methylthio)-	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{S}$	2884-13-1	852	-	11 316.10	1.22	12 809.26	-		
十二腈 Dodecanenitrile	$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}$	2437-25-4	1029	柑橘、橙子、果皮、金属味、香料香 Citrus, orange, peel, metallic, spicy	8 602.98	1405.99	12 344.20	255.55		
2-甲氧基-5-(2-甲基丙基)吡嗪 Pyrazine, 2-methoxy-5-(2-methylpropyl)-	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{O}$	36330-05-9	1052	-	387.81	13.64	2 831.93	16.35		
二苯醚 Diphenyl ether	$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$	101-84-8	813	青草香、酚香、花香、玫瑰、天竺葵、树皮、金属味、药香 Green, phenol, floral, rose, geranium, cortex, metallic, medicinal	4 348.31	1.37	5 047.04	-		
4-苯基-1-环己烯 Benzene, 3-cyclohexen-1-yl-	$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{14}$	4994-16-5	1296	-	112 516.12	1.70	34 992.91	4.13		
苯丙腈 Benzenepropanenitrile	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_9\text{N}$	645-59-0	1451	-	292 054.04	3.78	289 838.08	4.38		
1-碘辛烷 Octane, 1-iodo-	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{17}\text{I}$	629-27-6	1351	-	3 985.50	985.25	26 140.31	1 108.94		

表 5 (续) Table 5 (Continued)

物质 Compound	化学式 Chemical formula	NIST_ RI	气味 Odor	中科绿猕1号 Zhongkelumi No. 1		中科绿猕2号 Zhongkelumi No. 2	
				ρ (代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV	ρ (代谢物) Content of volatile compound/ ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$)	相对气 味活度值 rOAV
2-丙基苯酚 Phenol, 2-propyl-	$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{12}\text{O}$	644-35-9	1098	药香、酚香、烟熏味 Medicinal, phenol, smoky	53 409.68	2.43	44 127.97
三甲基恶唑 Oxazole, trimethyl-	$\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{NO}$	20662-84-4	1677	坚果香、坚果皮、烘焙、芥末、贝类、蔬菜 Nutty, nut skin, roasted, mustard, shellfish, vegetable	58 551.09	40.30	15 381.79
苯酚 Phenol	$\text{C}_6\text{H}_6\text{O}$	108-95-2	1220	酚香、药香 Phenol, medicinal	40 835.44	3.40	15 077.26
2-甲氧基-3,5-二甲基吡嗪	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{O}$	92508-08-2	1456	面包、坚果香 Bread, mousy	48 376.23	149 679.38	13 558.40
2-Methoxy-3,5-dimethylpyrazine							
1,2-二氢-1,1,6-三甲基萘	$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{16}$	30364-38-6	1413	甘草 Licorice	215 981.31	2.46	47 279.98
Naphthalene, 1,2-dihydro-1,1,6-trimethyl-							
愈创木酚 Phenol, 2-methoxy-	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{O}_2$	90-05-1	1274	坚果香 Nutty	121 799.28	217.87	26 617.09
2-甲基-1,3-二硫戊环	$\text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{S}_2$	5616-51-3	1061	硫磺味、蒜味、烟熏味、咸香、蔬菜 Sulfury, alliacous, smoky, savory, vegetable	278 485.46	1.52	145 542.43
2-Methyl-1,3-dithiaeyclopentane							
乙酰吡嗪 Acetylpyrazine	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}$	22047-25-2	1337	爆米花、坚果香、玉米、薯片、面包、面包皮、巧克力、榛子、咖啡 Popcorn, nutty, corn, chip, bread, crust, chocolate, hazelnut, coffee	35 275.86	1.05	15 216.10
(3E,5Z)-1,3,5-十一碳三烯	$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{18}$	51447-08-6	1094	-	80 662.99	41.98	104 101.81
(3E,5Z)-1,3,5-Undecatriene							
N,N'-二甲基甲酰胺	$\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{NO}$	68-12-2	1570	-	58 422.24	-	19 703.05
Formamide, N,N-dimethyl-							
(2-甲基丙基)苯 Benzene, (2-methylpropyl)-	$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14}$	538-93-2	972	-	50 419.77	20.89	19 550.26
2,5-二乙基吡嗪 Pyrazine, 2,5-diethyl-	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2$	13238-84-1	997	坚果香、榛子 Nutty, hazelnut	28 636.11	8.23	10 258.49
2-甲基-3-丙基吡嗪	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2$	15986-80-8	1091	-	98 712.47	2.60	96 028.98
2-Methyl-3-propylpyrazine							
2-甲氧基-5-甲基苯酚	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$	1195-09-1	1188	-	99 262.10	1.28	69 848.69
2-Methoxy-5-methylphenol							
3-乙基苯酚 Phenol, 3-ethyl-	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$	620-17-7	740	霉味 Musty	3 851.21	-	3 358.81
2-乙基-3,5-二甲基吡嗪	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2$	13925-07-0	1081	焦糊、杏仁、烘焙、坚果香、咖啡 Burnt, almond, roasted, nutty, coffee	1 305.12	19.04	963.55
Pyrazine, 2-ethyl-3,5-dimethyl-							
2,4-二氯苯酚 Phenol, 2,4-dichloro-	$\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{Cl}_2\text{O}$	120-83-2	1218	-	36 742.15	21.74	12 503.87
2-甲基-3-(甲硫基)-吡嗪	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{S}$	2882-20-4	856	烤肉、坚果香、杏仁、蔬菜 Roasted meat, nutty, almond, vegetable	11 316.10	24.39	12 809.26
Pyrazine, 2-methyl-3-(methylthio)-							
其他类合计 Total others					2 735 413.55	152 573.87	1 875 524.91
总计 Total					30 065 648.95	246 803.47	27 271 542.22

48 308.09

126 256.46

种,中科绿猕2号有136种,中科绿猕1号的代谢物总含量为 $30\,065\,648.95\ \mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$,较中科绿猕2号增加 $2\,794\,106.73\ \mu\text{g}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$;rOAV值为246 803.47,较中科绿猕2号增加120 547.01;两个猕猴桃果肉中均有大量的2-甲氧基-3,5-二甲基吡嗪、2-壬烯醛、十二腈、4-羟基-2,5-二甲基-3(2H)-呋喃酮、3-辛烯-2-酮、3-巯基乙酸酯等,赋予坚果香、青草香、果香、甜味,是中科绿猕1号、中科绿猕2号的关键风味化合物。两个品种的代谢物含量比较均表现为酮类>醛类>萜类>酯类>其他类>醇类。以上结果说明,中科绿猕1号的挥发性代谢物含量和相对气味活度值均明显高于中科绿猕2号,其风味表现更具优势。

3 讨 论

猕猴桃因品种不同果实发育期也会存在差异,导致最佳采收时间不同;同一品种也会因产地的气候条件和生长环境不一致而采收期不同。运用相同的采收标准对不同地区的猕猴桃采收不具备指导意义^[6]。因此,需要针对不同产区、不同品种及栽培管理方式制定相应的标准,适时采收技术研究对提升果实品质、增加经济价值具有重要意义^[17]。

笔者以中科绿猕1号和中科绿猕2号为试材,在猕猴桃花后150~182 d分别采摘了5个时期的果实进行检测分析,发现随着采收期的变化,猕猴桃的品质呈现出不同的变化规律。两个品种在5个采收期内的果实横径、纵径和侧径虽有明显变化,但果形指数无明显差异,与彭雯等^[2]的研究结果一致,说明中科绿猕1号、中科绿猕2号的果形不会因为采摘时间的差异出现变化,果形较为稳定。两个品种的果肉硬度无论是在采摘时还是在软熟时,从采收期III开始均呈递减趋势,与陈双双等^[6]和高磊等^[18]的研究结果一致,两者在软熟后硬度相似,但中科绿猕1号在采摘时的硬度无显著差异,而中科绿猕2号在采摘时的硬度变化范围从 $6.7\ \text{kg}\cdot\text{cm}^{-2}$ 降低至 $2.27\ \text{kg}\cdot\text{cm}^{-2}$ 。硬度下降,易受机械损伤和病菌感染而腐烂,失水萎缩,软化变质,失去贮藏性,也导致后期软腐病发病率提高。猕猴桃果实的后熟品质特性包括可溶性固形物、可溶性糖、可滴定酸、维生素C、干物质含量等,是评价猕猴桃商品价值的一项非常关键的指标^[19]。两个品种采摘时的可溶性固形物含量随采收期延后上升速度逐渐减缓,软熟后可溶性固形物含量波动较小,上升缓慢,甚至有下降趋势,与吴彬彬

等^[20]的研究结果相似。果肉中可溶性糖和抗坏血酸含量整体上呈先增后减趋势,与李小艳等^[21]和陈成等^[22]研究结果一致。中科绿猕1号可溶性糖含量在采收期II至采收期III阶段迅速攀升,中科绿猕2号则是在采收期III至采收期IV阶段含量大幅提升,这由在软熟过程中前期积累的淀粉大量转化为可溶性糖所致。

猕猴桃果实香气是影响果实风味品质的关键因素,但不同品种间果实香气成分存在差异,其根本原因是代谢类型受品种间遗传差异调控^[23]。笔者通过主成分分析结果,选取中科绿猕1号采收期III阶段和中科绿猕2号采收期IV阶段的果实进行代谢物测定,共检测出1314种代谢物,其中,关键香气物质中科绿猕1号有152种,中科绿猕2号有136种,种类和含量差异明显,与李国生等^[24]、王海波等^[25]对甜瓜、苹果品种间香气差异的研究结果相似。猕猴桃果实中的香气种类主要为酯类、醇类、醛类、酮类以及杂环类化合物^[26],在 $\text{rOAV}\geq 1$ 的代谢物中,醛酮类含量最高,与郭丽芳等^[27]的研究结果一致。同时发现,中科绿猕2号与中科绿猕1号相比,有效香气成分中的总相对气味活度值、总代谢物含量较低,但感官评价得分明显高于中科绿猕1号,更受消费者欢迎。结合果实的内在品质指标来讨论,中科绿猕2号在采收期IV阶段的果实软熟后可溶性固形物含量更高,可溶性糖含量达到最大值,可滴定酸含量低于中科绿猕1号,说明与果实香气相比,消费者可能更倾向选择甜度高、糖酸比高的猕猴桃品种;也可能由香气代谢物的不同组合导致,还需要进一步研究。

4 结 论

笔者对不同采收期的中科绿猕1号、中科绿猕2号的果实硬度、果形指数、可溶性固形物含量、可溶性糖含量、可滴定酸含量、抗坏血酸含量、干物质含量、挥发性物质含量、软腐病发病率等指标进行了测定分析,同时开展了感官评价,结果发现,采收期III(花后166 d)为中科绿猕1号的最佳采收期,采收期IV(花后174 d)为中科绿猕2号最佳采收期,此时果实中可溶性固形物、可溶性糖、抗坏血酸含量较高,营养物质积累多,果实商品性高;中科绿猕2号有效香气种类含量少于中科绿猕1号,但可溶性固形物、可溶性糖含量整体高于中科绿猕1号,更受消费者喜欢,但由于存在软腐病发病率偏高问题,因此要尽

量避免机械损伤。

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